

Progress on Scaling via Client-Side Validation

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37EC 7D7B 0A21 7CDB 4B4E 007E 7FAB 1142 67E4 FA04

The Miner-Side Approach

```
{
  [0] "Chronos"
  (call 0x11d11764cd7f6ecda172e0b72370e6ea7f75f290
    0 0 0 32 0 0)
}
{
; Split the call data in groups of 32 bytes
; ( $2^{256} = 2^{8 \cdot 32}$ )
; Loop over this list with @i as an index
(for () (< @i (/ (calldatasize) 32)) [i](+ @i 1) {
  ; Get the current hash
  [hash](calldataload (* @i 32))
  ; If the hash isn't already registered in
  ; storage, set a new entry
  (unless @@@hash [[@hash]](timestamp))
})
}
```

What do we mean by 'Client-Side'?

The screenshot shows a web browser window with a yellow border. The address bar displays "The Toronto-Dominion Bank (CA)" and the URL "https://www.tdcanadatrust.com/products-services/banking/index-banking.jsp". A security warning box is overlaid on the left side of the page, titled "The Toronto-Dominion Bank Secure Connection". The warning text reads: "You are securely connected to this site, run by: The Toronto-Dominion Bank Toronto Ontario, CA Verified by: Symantec Corporation". A "More Information" button is located at the bottom of the warning box. The background shows the TD website header with navigation links like "My Accounts" and "Contact Us", and a banner for "Worry-free banking".

- Signatures
- Proof-of-Existence (Timestamping)
- Proof-of-Publication

Case Study: OpenTimestamps

```
$ git tag -v opentimestamps-client-v0.2.1
object fe19cd28c0685505ff3c2f6bfc4d18abc85efa2
type commit
tag opentimestamps-client-v0.2.1
tagger Peter Todd <pete@petertodd.org> 1474872017 -0400
```

```
Release opentimestamps-client-v0.2.1
```

```
ots: Success! Bitcoin attests data existed as of
      Mon Sep 26 02:45:43 2016 EDT
```

```
ots: Good timestamp
```

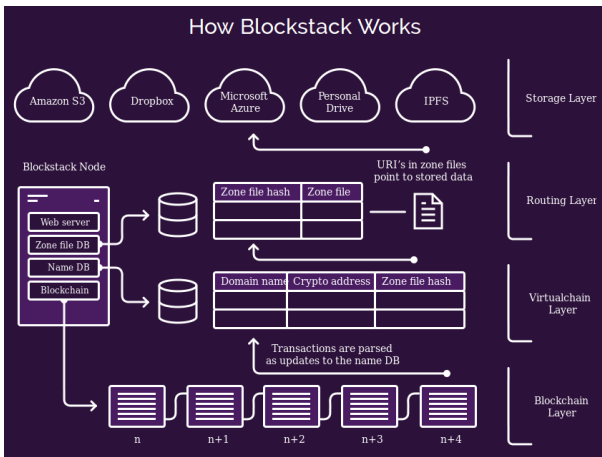
```
gpg: Signature made Mon 26 Sep 2016 02:40:18 AM EDT
```

```
gpg:          using RSA key 6399011044E8AFB2
```

```
gpg: Good signature from "Peter Todd <pete@petertodd.org>"
```

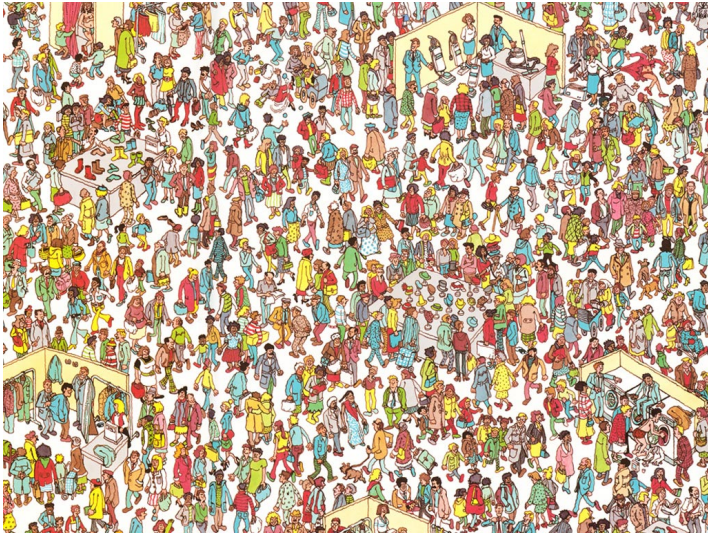
```
gpg:          aka "[jpeg image of size 5220]"
```

Case Study: Blockstack

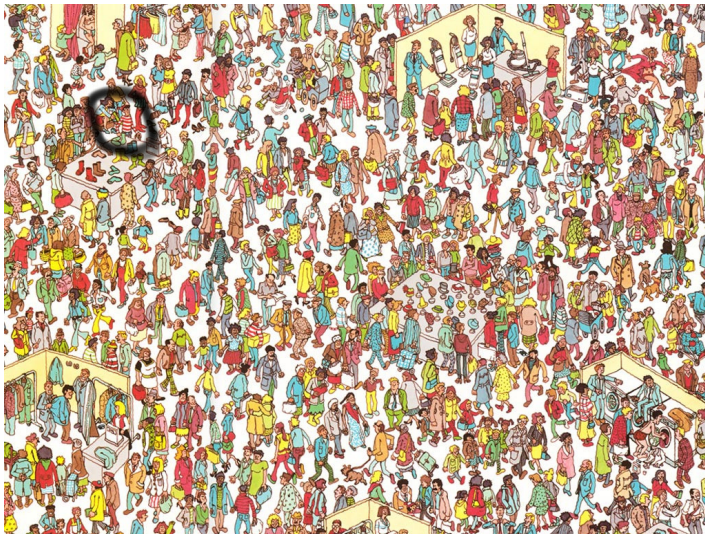


Do miners need to validate blocks?

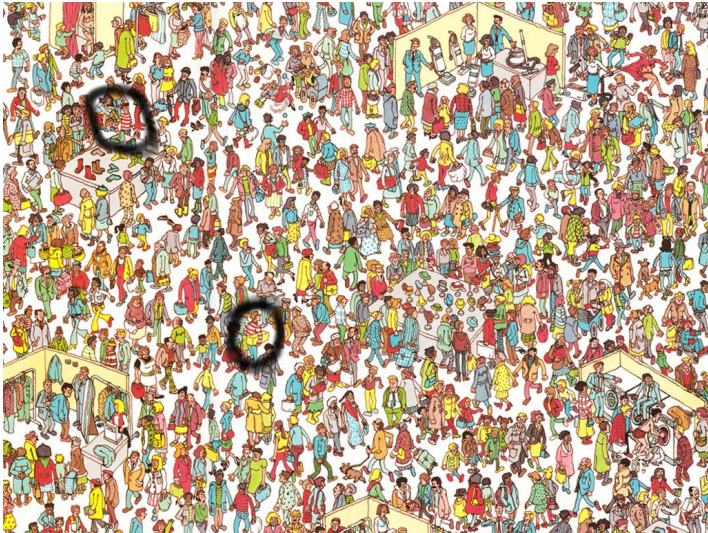
Where's Waldo? - The double-spend problem



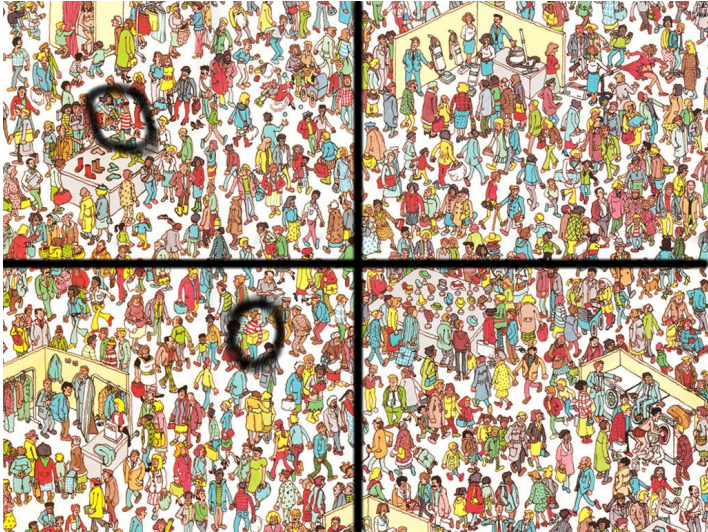
Where's Waldo? - The double-spend problem



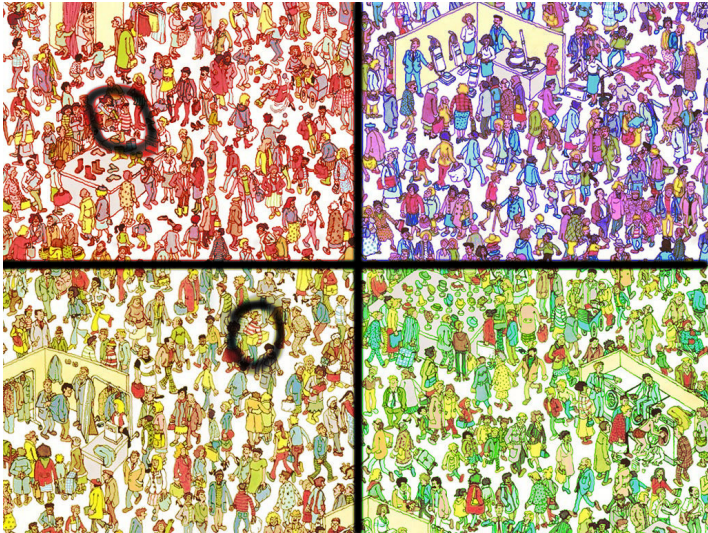
Where's Waldo? - The double-spend problem



Where's Waldo? - Split chains



Where's Waldo? - Sharded chains



Transaction History Linearization

$$x = \sum \text{fake inputs} \quad (1)$$

$$y = \sum \text{real inputs} \quad (2)$$

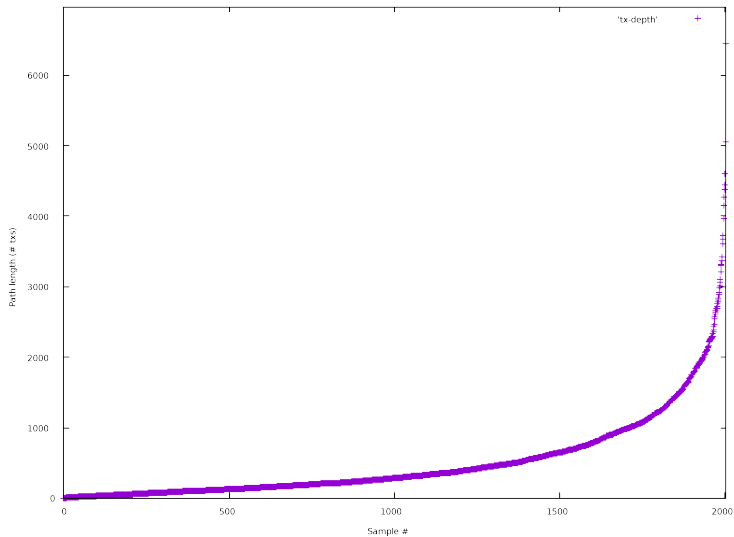
$$E_x = x\left(1 - \frac{x}{x+y}\right) - y\left(\frac{x}{x+y}\right) \quad (3)$$

$$= x\left(\frac{x+y}{x+y} - \frac{x}{x+y}\right) - y\left(\frac{x}{x+y}\right) \quad (4)$$

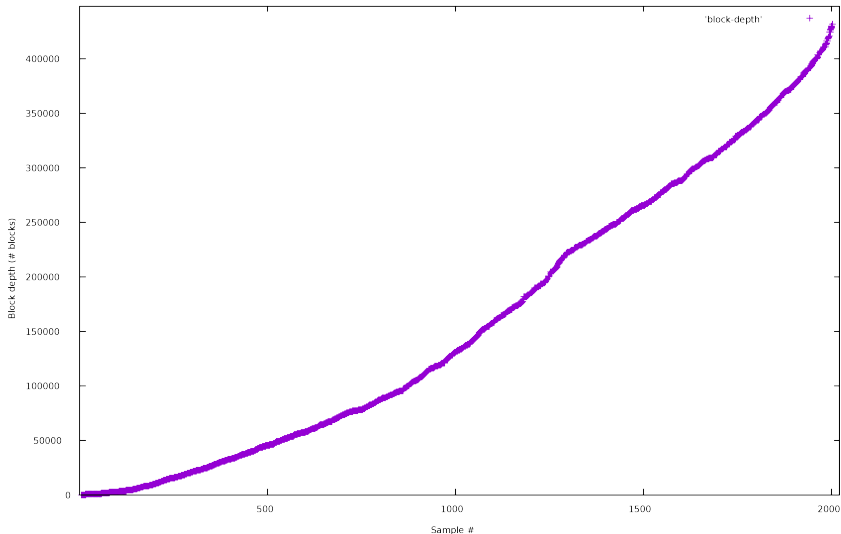
$$= x\left(\frac{y}{x+y}\right) - y\left(\frac{x}{x+y}\right) \quad (5)$$

$$= 0 \quad (6)$$

Linearization Simulation



Linearization Simulation



Defining Protocols

0xfl CALL 7 1 Message-call into an account.

$$i \equiv \mu_m[\mu_s[3] \dots (\mu_s[3] + \mu_s[4] - 1)]$$
$$(\sigma', g', A^+, \mathbf{o}) \equiv \begin{cases} \Theta(\sigma, I_a, I_o, t, t, & \text{if } \mu_s[2] \leq \sigma[I_a]_b \wedge \\ C_{\text{CALLGAS}}(\mu), I_p, \mu_s[2], \mu_s[2], i, I_e + 1) & I_e < 1024 \\ (\sigma, g, \emptyset, \mathbf{o}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
$$n \equiv \min(\{\mu_s[6], |\mathbf{o}|\})$$
$$\mu'_m[\mu_s[5] \dots (\mu_s[5] + n - 1)] = \mathbf{o}[0 \dots (n - 1)]$$
$$\mu'_g \equiv \mu_g + g'$$
$$\mu'_s[0] \equiv x$$
$$A' \equiv A \uplus A^+$$
$$t \equiv \mu_s[1] \bmod 2^{160}$$

where $x = 0$ if the code execution for this operation failed due to an exceptional halting $Z(\sigma, \mu, I) = \top$ or if $\mu_s[2] > \sigma[I_a]_b$ (not enough funds) or $I_e = 1024$ (call depth limit reached); $x = 1$ otherwise.

$$\mu'_i \equiv M(M(\mu_i, \mu_s[3], \mu_s[4]), \mu_s[5], \mu_s[6])$$

Thus the operand order is: gas, to, value, in offset, in size, out offset, out size.

$$C_{\text{CALL}}(\sigma, \mu) \equiv G_{\text{call}} + \mu_s[0] + C_{\text{CALLXFER}}(\mu) + C_{\text{CALLNEW}}(\sigma, \mu)$$
$$C_{\text{CALLXFER}}(\mu) \equiv \begin{cases} G_{\text{callvalue}} & \text{if } \mu_s[2] \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
$$C_{\text{CALLNEW}}(\sigma, \mu) \equiv \begin{cases} G_{\text{callnewaccount}} & \text{if } \sigma[\mu_s[1] \bmod 2^{160}] = \emptyset \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
$$C_{\text{CALLGAS}}(\mu) \equiv \begin{cases} \mu_s[0] + G_{\text{callstipend}} & \text{if } \mu_s[2] \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Thank you!